



18.01.2022

Factor Watch – the US business cycle

- The weak economic data at the end of last week has had a material impact on the US growth outlook.
- Now-Casting's tracking Qi GDP growth for the US has fallen to 1.9%. Their number is lower than peers like the Atlanta Fed's GDPNow, but the profile is the same; & note the Citi Economic Data Surprise index has also turned negative.
- Qi looks at all factors in z-score terms & Friday's Retail Sales / Industrial Production miss has prompted a sharp move lower. Growth had already slipped below trend but is now accelerating lower.
- Many economic forecasters have a growth slowdown pencilled in for 2022 but, for most, that's a Q2 event. **The deceleration appears to be unfolding earlier & more aggressively.**



- At the same time the early 2022 bear move in bond markets has picked up renewed momentum. Qi had already flagged the significance of [this](#), but now the move in 10y US real yields, from local low to recent high, is a 3 standard deviation event – chart overleaf. It is also the sixth biggest spike in real yields in z-score terms since 2009.



18.01.2022

Factor Watch – the US business cycle



- There is already a huge volume of analysis in mainstream media about this real rate move. Does it reflect an improving economic outlook, or a tightening of financial conditions? Are real yields the key determinant of speculative technology stocks & the broader Growth versus Value rotation?



- One observation to the first point. The graph above shows US inflation expectations in z-score terms. After the Q4'21 inflation shock, expectations have reverted close to trend. As always there is a level versus rate of change argument: real yields are still deeply negative. But, in impulse terms & on current patterns these charts err towards **tighter financial conditions into a slower economic cycle.**
- In terms of the implications for asset allocations, investors have two options. Read volumes of traditional research to reach a conclusion based exclusively on subjective opinions. Or, add Qi's machine-learning framework into your process to identify which stocks / sectors / assets have a positive relationship with real yields - independent of all other macro variables - versus those that suffer when real rates leg higher.

